Immokalee Water and Sewer District

Water and Wastewater Rate and Fee Study

Summary of Board Alternatives: Revenue Sufficiency Analysis

Prepared on: July 21, 2022



Background

- On July 20, 2022, the Board held a workshop to discuss Phase 1 of the rate and fee study to evaluate the adequacy of the existing monthly service rates
- Principal cost drivers include:
 - Allowances and adjustments for future inflation
 - Need for new staffing positions
 - Proposed new debt to finance certain capital projects
 - Need to maintain working capital to meet the operating needs of the system and to provide a contingency to respond to natural disasters or other unforeseen events
- The preliminary study results included a Recommended Base Case plus three additional scenarios to demonstrate the pros and cons of modifying the recommended annual rate increases
 - The Base Case included the use of approximately \$3.1 million in unrestricted reserves from FY22 through FY25 to phase-in the rate adjustments for the first three years lowering the days of cash to approximately 222 days in FY25
 - The Board requested additional scenarios between the 7% and 9.5% rate increase alternatives to better evaluate the use of reserves over the implementation period

Proposed Cost Recovery Options (Days of Unrestricted Reserves)

| Description | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 | FY25 | FY26 | FY27 |
|---|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| Recommended Base Case – Phased Approach | | | | | | |
| Percent Rate Increase | | 7.00% | 7.00% | 7.00% | 7.00% | 7.00% |
| Projected Year-end Unrestricted Reserves (Millions) | <u>\$10.6</u> | <u>\$9.4</u> | <u>\$8.6</u> | <u>\$7.5</u> | <u>\$7.7</u> | <u>\$9.1</u> |
| Days of Revenues Less Depreciation | 406 | 336 | 279 | 222 | 208 | 226 |
| Scenario 1 – Start Early | | | | | | |
| Percent Rate Increase | | 8.00% | 8.00% | 8.00% | 5.50% | 5.50% |
| Projected Year-end Unrestricted Reserves (Millions) | <u>\$10.6</u> | <u>\$9.6</u> | <u>\$9.0</u> | <u>\$8.2</u> | <u>\$8.6</u> | <u>\$10.0</u> |
| Days of Revenues Less Depreciation | 406 | 336 | 284 | 237 | 231 | 249 |
| Scenario 2 – Start Early | | | | | | |
| Percent Rate Increase | | 8.50% | 8.50% | 8.50% | 4.75% | 4.75% |
| Projected Year-end Unrestricted Reserves (Millions) | <u>\$10.6</u> | <u>\$9.6</u> | <u>\$9.1</u> | <u>\$8.6</u> | <u>\$9.1</u> | <u>\$10.5</u> |
| Days of Revenues Less Depreciation | 406 | 336 | 287 | 244 | 242 | 261 |
| Scenario 3 – Start Early | | | | | | |
| Percent Rate Increase | | 9.00% | 9.00% | 9.00% | 4.00% | 4.00% |
| Projected Year-end Unrestricted Reserves (Millions) | <u>\$10.6</u> | <u>\$9.7</u> | <u>\$9.3</u> | <u>\$9.0</u> | <u>\$9.6</u> | <u>\$11.0</u> |
| Days of Revenues Less Depreciation | 406 | 336 | 290 | 250 | 253 | 273 |
| Scenario 4 – Start Early | | | | | | |
| Percent Rate Increase | | 9.50% | 9.50% | 9.50% | 3.25% | 3.25% |
| Projected Year-end Unrestricted Reserves (Millions) | <u>\$10.6</u> | <u>\$9.7</u> | <u>\$9.5</u> | <u>\$9.4</u> | <u>\$10.1</u> | <u>\$11.4</u> |
| Days of Revenues Less Depreciation | 406 | 336 | 292 | 257 | 263 | 285 |
| | | | | | | |

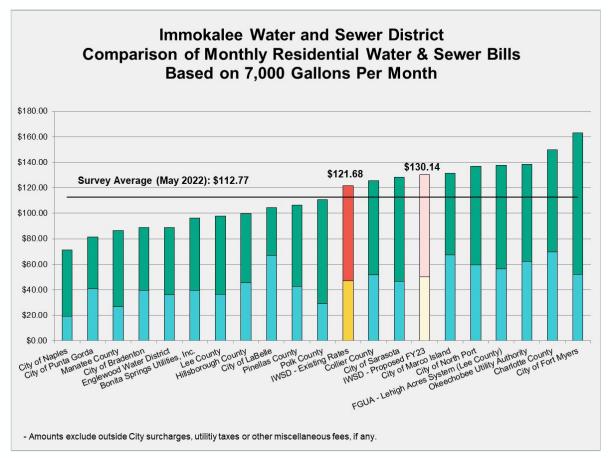
Proposed Cost Recovery Options
(Increases to Residential Monthly Bill)

| Description | Existing | FY23 | FY24 | FY25 | FY26 | FY27 |
|---|----------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Recommended Base Case – Phased Approach | | | | | | |
| Percent Rate Increase | | 7.00% | 7.00% | 7.00% | 7.00% | 7.00% |
| Increase in Residential Water and Wastewater Bill (7,000 Gallons) | | <u>\$8.46</u> | <u>\$9.09</u> | <u>\$9.75</u> | <u>\$10.42</u> | <u>\$11.19</u> |
| Existing/Projected Residential Bill | \$121.68 | \$130.14 | \$139.23 | \$148.98 | \$159.40 | \$170.59 |
| Scenario 1 – Start Early | | | | | | |
| Percent Rate Increase | | 8.00% | 8.00% | 8.00% | 5.50% | 5.50% |
| Increase in Residential Water and Wastewater Bill (7,000 | Gallons) | <u>\$9.73</u> | <u>\$10.54</u> | <u>\$11.36</u> | <u>\$8.42</u> | <u>\$8.85</u> |
| Existing/Proposed Residential Bill | \$121.68 | \$131.41 | \$141.95 | \$153.31 | \$161.73 | \$170.58 |
| Scenario 2 – Start Early | | | | | | |
| Percent Rate Increase | | 8.50% | 8.50% | 8.50% | 4.75% | 4.75% |
| Increase in Residential Water and Wastewater Bill (7,000 Gallons) | | <u>\$10.32</u> | <u>\$11.23</u> | <u>\$12.16</u> | <u>\$7.37</u> | <u>\$7.73</u> |
| Existing/Projected Residential Bill | \$121.68 | \$132.00 | \$143.23 | \$155.39 | \$162.76 | \$170.49 |
| Scenario 3 – Start Early | | | | | | |
| Percent Rate Increase | | 9.00% | 9.00% | 9.00% | 4.00% | 4.00% |
| Increase in Residential Water and Wastewater Bill (7,000 | Gallons) | <u>\$10.96</u> | <u>\$11.99</u> | <u>\$13.05</u> | <u>\$6.29</u> | <u>\$6.54</u> |
| Existing/Projected Residential Bill | \$121.68 | \$132.64 | \$144.63 | \$157.68 | \$163.97 | \$170.51 |
| Scenario 4 – Start Early | | | | | | |
| Percent Rate Increase | | 9.50% | 9.50% | 9.50% | 3.25% | 3.25% |
| Increase in Residential Water and Wastewater Bill (7,000 | Gallons) | <u>\$11.59</u> | <u>\$12.67</u> | <u>\$13.87</u> | <u>\$5.20</u> | <u>5.35</u> |
| Existing/Projected Residential Bill | \$121.68 | \$133.27 | \$145.94 | \$159.81 | \$165.01 | \$170.36 |
| | | | | | | |

Observations

- Each option shown on Slides 3 and 4:
 - Provides a beak-even cash flow by FY27
 - > Exceeds the minimum debt service coverage requirements
 - Maintains an unrestricted reserve balance above 180 days
- In order to phase-in smaller increases uniformly over the three-year period from FY23 through FY25, the Base Case includes the use of approximately \$3.1 million in unrestricted reserves
 - The Base Case results in the lowest monthly bill as of FY25 or \$148.98 per month
- Scenario 3 at 9.0% per year uses \$1.6 million in reserves, or approximately half the amount when compared to the Base Case
 - The monthly bill in FY25 under Scenario 3 is approximately \$8.70 per month more than the recommended charges under the Base Case, or \$157.68 per month

Comparison of Proposed Residential Rates Under Base Case



Appendix



Immokalee Water and Sewer District

Water and Wastewater Rate and Fee Study

Phase 1: Revenue Sufficiency Analysis

Presented on: July 20, 2022



Background

- The District last completed a revenue sufficiency study in April of 2019
 - Water & Wastewater rate increases of 3.0% per year for FY20 through FY22 were adopted by the Board of Commissioners (Board)
- Subsequent to the rate study, the Board appointed a new Executive Director who reorganized the management team by creating new supervisory positions, including a new position for Finance Director

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Background (cont.)

- Recent staff accomplishments
 - > Timely completion of the 2021 Audit
 - New budget format and review process
 - Identification of capital needs assessment and funding
 - > Review of staffing needs, responsibilities, and salaries
 - > Refinancing and retirement of long-term debt
 - Implementation of a new geographical information system (GIS)

Background (cont.)

- Ongoing challenges
 - Maintain service reliability and safeguard public health and safety by addressing:
 - Aging infrastructure associated with clay sewer pipes and other line replacements
 - Water system looping improvements
 - Meet regulatory requirements enforced by FDEP through ongoing lift station upgrades and lining of manholes that mitigate sewer infiltration and inflow
 - Increase service capacity within the distribution and collection systems / upsizing the system to meet the needs of new development
 - Invest in new technology integration which may improve efficiencies throughout the system

Study Objective and Tasks

- Based on the updated planning criteria, District staff requested that Raftelis evaluate the sufficiency of the current rates and fees
 - > Phase 1: Revenue Sufficiency Analysis
 - Develop a financial forecast through FY27, including a projection of:
 - Customers and revenues
 - Operating expenses
 - Capital improvement requirements and funding
 - Existing and future debt service payments and required transfers
 - Estimate the revenue requirements to be recovered from water and wastewater monthly service rates
 - Identify the need for rate adjustments during the study period
 - > Phase 2: Review the Adequacy of Miscellaneous Fees and Charges
 - Review is ongoing / results and recommendations will be presented at a subsequent Board meeting

Discussion Topics

Existing Financial Condition

Major Study Assumptions

Proposed Funding of the Capital Plan

Projected New Debt Service Payments

Rate Covenant Compliance

Sufficiency of Existing Water and Wastewater Rates

Working Capital Considerations / Cost Recovery Options

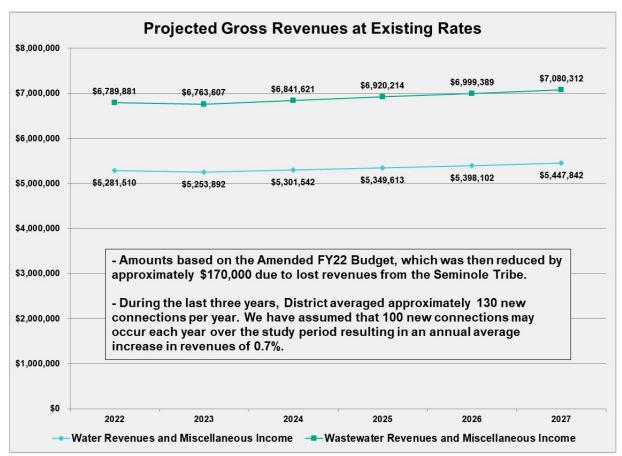
Existing Financial Condition

- Cash & Investment Balances \$16.9 million (As of 09/30/2021)
 - > \$12.3 million unrestricted (approx. 471 days of revenue less depreciation)
 - > \$4.6 million restricted
- FY22 Gross Revenues \$12.1 million
- FY22 Annual Expenditures \$11.8 million
 - Operating Expenses \$8.8 million
 - Debt Service Payments \$1.7 million
 - Capital Funded from Rates \$1.3 million
- Projected \$300,000 cash flow surplus based on the amended budget assumptions or approximately 2.5% of gross revenues
- The Amended FY22 Budget served as the primary basis for the projected results over the study period among other planning assumptions provided by District staff

Major Study Assumptions



Summary of Projected Gross Revenues

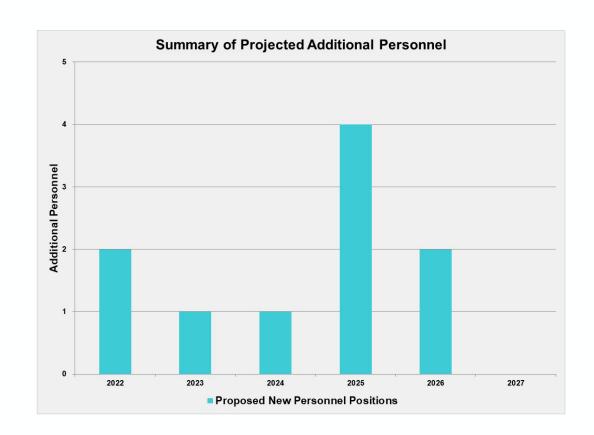


Operating Expense Assumptions

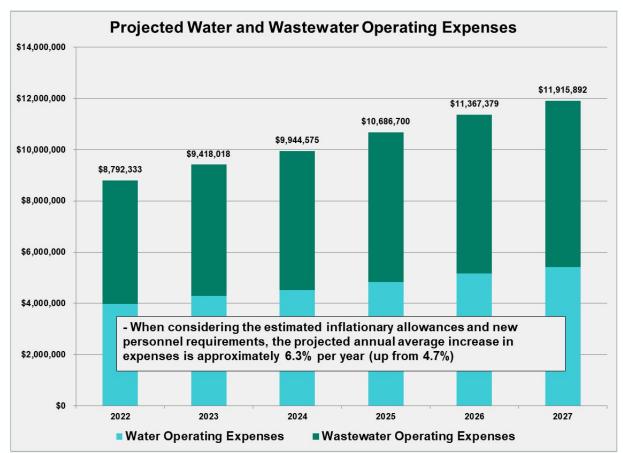
- Based on the Amended FY22 Budget
 - > Added an allowance for bad debt of 0.5% of revenues or approximately \$56,000
 - No other operating contingencies have been assumed
- Amounts beyond FY22 estimated to increase by 4.7% per year on average based on the following inflationary allowances:
 - Labor: 5% per year
 - Health Insurance: 8% per year
 - Workers' Compensation Insurance: 5% per year
 - Property & Liability Insurance: 3% per year
 - Utilities & Fuel: 5% per year + growth
 - Chemicals: 8% per year + growth
 - Repairs & Maintenance: 3% per year
 - Consumer Price Index: 2.6% per year on average

Operating Expense Assumptions (cont.)

- New Water Positions
 - > WTP Operator (1)
 - Distribution Technician (2)
- New Wastewater Positions
 - WWTP Operator (1)
 - Collections Technician (2)
- New Shared Resources
 - Executive Assistant (1) –Recent new hire
 - Project Engineer (1) Hiring in progress
 - Customer Service Rep. (1)
 - IT / Procurement (1)



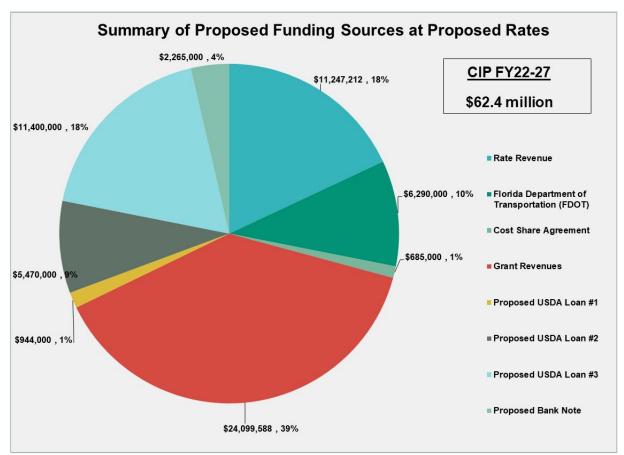
Summary of Projected Operating Expenses



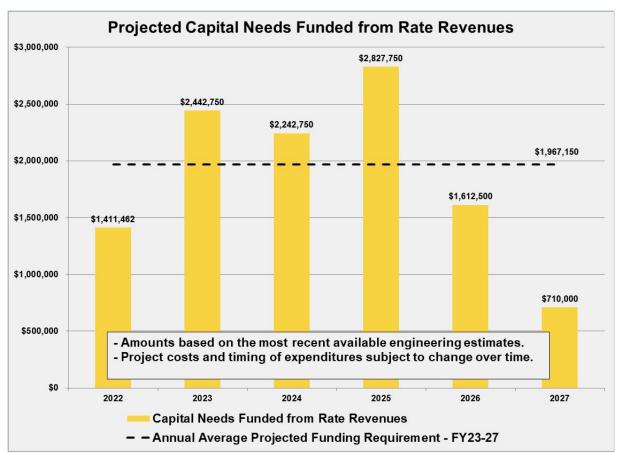
Major Capital Needs

- Total capital needs FY22-27 estimated at \$62.4 million
- Major improvements include, but not limited to, the following:
 - Water Softening
 - Rehab Existing Clarifiers
 - Relining Existing Clay Sewer Pipes
 - Legacy Lots & Water Main Looping
 - Automated Metering Infrastructure (AMI)
 - New Reverse Osmosis Water Treatment Plant
 - > Lift Station Upgrades and Force Main Extensions

Proposed Capital Funding



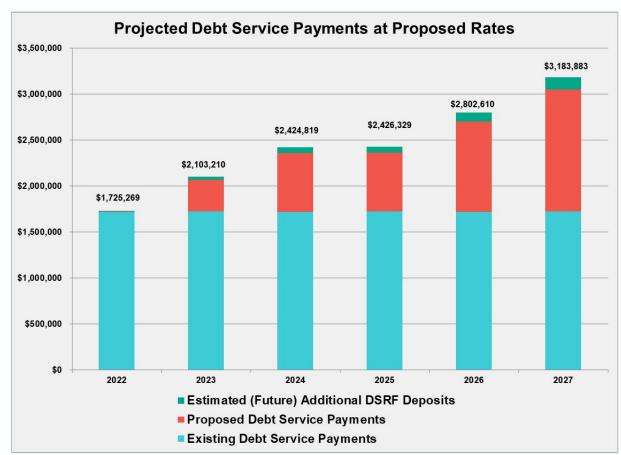
Summary of Capital Needs Funded from Rates



Future Debt Assumptions

- Existing Debt Service Payments \$1.7 million per year
 - > Senior Lien \$1,675,000 per year
 - Junior Lien \$50,000 per year
- Proposed Debt Service Payments \$1.3 million per year by FY27
 - > 40-yr. USDA Loan #1 (Clarifiers) \$49,000 per year starting (late) FY22
 - > 40-yr. USDA Loan #2 (Water Softening) \$296,000 per year starting (mid) FY23
 - > 40-yr. USDA Loan #3 (RO WTP) \$685,000 per year starting (mid) FY26
 - > 10-yr. Bank Loan (Admin Bldg.) \$296,000 per year (mid) FY23
- Future Debt Service Reserve Fund (DSRF) Deposits assumed due over time equal to 1/10th of each annual payment or \$133,000 per year by FY27

Summary of Projected Debt Service



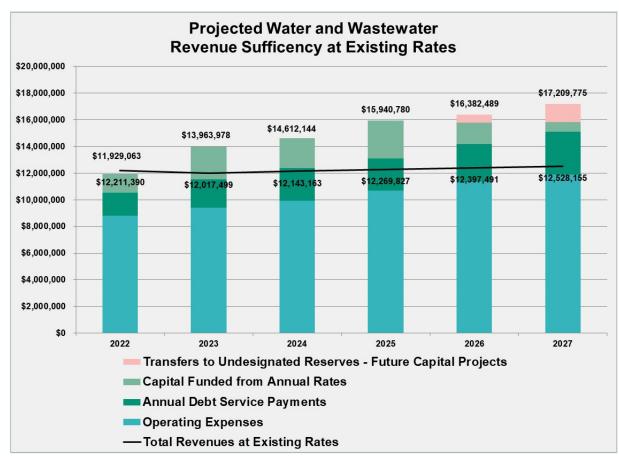
Minimum Rate Covenant Compliance

- Based on the existing USDA Loan Agreements:
 - Senior Lien Coverage Test Gross Revenues after payment of Operating & Maintenance Expenses must equal 110% of the Senior Lien Annual Debt Service

AND

- Budget Covenant Gross Revenues in each year must equal 100% of:
 - Operating & Maintenance Expenses
 - Senior Lien Annual Debt Service
 - Annual Debt Service Reserve Deposits, if any
 - Minimum Required Transfer to the Maintenance Reserve Fund
 - And any other required transfers, if any
- Without the proposed rate increases, the minimum requirements may not be met beginning in FY24

Projected Adequacy of Existing Rates



Working Capital Considerations

- Days of Cash Reserves Bond Rating Criteria by Fitch Ratings
 - > Compares unrestricted cash and investments to annual operating expenses less depreciation
 - Strong financial position: 365+ days
 - Midrange financial position: 180 days
 - Weaker financial position: Less than 90 days
- Based on the District's current policy, rate plan targets a minimum unrestricted reserve balance of not less than 180 days of <u>revenues less depreciation</u>
 - > Such target is equal to more than 200 days of operating expenses less depreciation
 - > Provides a realistic goal considering that some appropriations are carried forward each year
 - Target satisfies USDA's expectations for managing the system
- Unrestricted reserves as of 09/30/2021 exceeded 470 days of revenue less depreciation
 - Excess reserves above the minimum target used to help phase in the required rate adjustments to the extent practicable

Proposed Maintenance of Reserve Funds

- Minimum unrestricted reserve balance of not less than 180 days of revenues less depreciation consisting of the following amounts:
 - Designated Emergency Reserve Fund Not to exceed \$1.0 million
 - Designated Vehicle Replacement and Capital Equipment Fund Not to exceed 1-year's need or approximately \$600,000
 - Designated Maintenance Reserve Fund Not to exceed 1-year's depreciation expense or approximately \$2.5 million
 - Operating Reserve Fund Maintain working capital between 90 and 120 days of revenue less depreciation
 - Includes \$1.9 million of excess funds from the designated accounts that were assumed to be transferred to the Operating Reserve Fund to help phase-in rate adjustments

Proposed Cost Recovery Options (Days of Unrestricted Reserves)

| Description | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 | FY25 | FY26 | FY27 |
|---|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| Recommended Base Case – Phased Approach | | | | | | |
| Percent Rate Increase | | 7.00% | 7.00% | 7.00% | 7.00% | 7.00% |
| Projected Year-end Unrestricted Reserves (Millions) | <u>\$10.6</u> | <u>\$9.4</u> | <u>\$8.6</u> | <u>\$7.5</u> | <u>\$7.7</u> | <u>\$9.1</u> |
| Days of Revenues Less Depreciation | 406 | 336 | 279 | 222 | 208 | 226 |
| Scenario 1 – 1-Year Delay | | | | | | |
| Percent Rate Increase | | 3.00% | 13.50% | 13.50% | 3.00% | 3.00% |
| Projected Year-end Unrestricted Reserves (Millions) | <u>\$10.6</u> | <u>\$9.0</u> | <u>\$8.4</u> | <u>\$8.5</u> | <u>\$9.3</u> | <u>\$10.8</u> |
| Days of Revenues Less Depreciation | 406 | 334 | 267 | 230 | 241 | 266 |
| Scenario 2 – 2-Year Delay | | | | | | |
| Percent Rate Increase | | 3.00% | 3.00% | 30.00% | 1.25% | 1.25% |
| Projected Year-end Unrestricted Reserves (Millions) | <u>\$10.6</u> | <u>\$9.0</u> | <u>\$7.2</u> | <u>\$7.8</u> | <u>\$9.0</u> | <u>\$10.6</u> |
| Days of Revenues Less Depreciation | 406 | 334 | 256 | 204 | 228 | 260 |
| Scenario 3 – Start Early / Upfront Adjustments | | | | | | |
| Percent Rate Increase | | 9.50% | 9.50% | 9.50% | 3.25% | 3.25% |
| Projected Year-end Unrestricted Reserves (Millions) | <u>\$10.6</u> | <u>\$9.7</u> | <u>\$9.5</u> | <u>\$9.4</u> | <u>\$10.1</u> | <u>\$11.4</u> |
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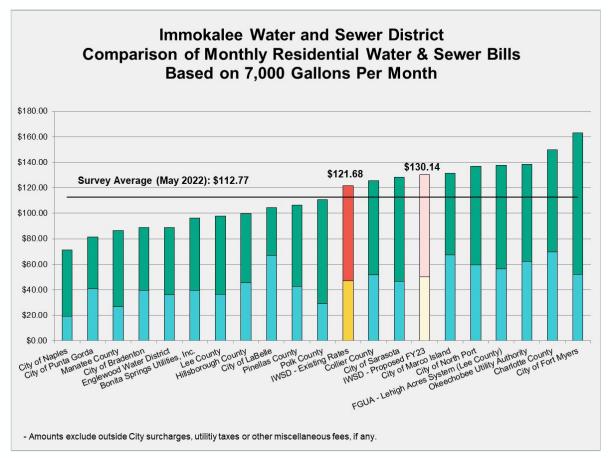
Scenario results based on achieving a similar break-even cash flow by FY27

Proposed Cost Recovery Options (Increases to Residential Monthly Bill)

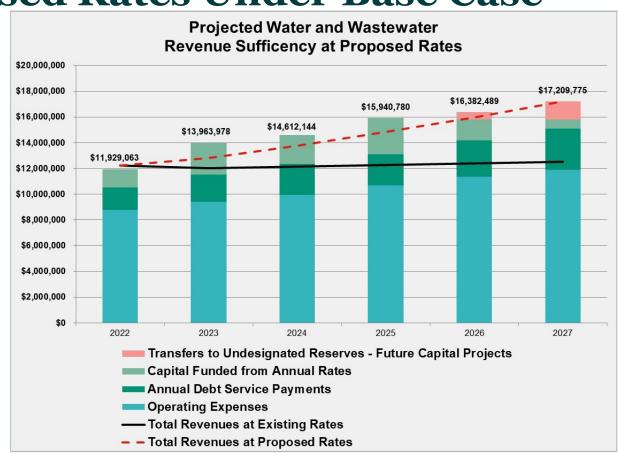
| Description | Existing | FY23 | FY24 | FY25 | FY26 | FY27 | | |
|---|----------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|
| Recommended Base Case – Phased Approach | | | | | | | | |
| Percent Rate Increase | | 7.00% | 7.00% | 7.00% | 7.00% | 7.00% | | |
| Increase in Residential Water and Wastewater Bill (7,000 Gallons) | | <u>\$8.46</u> | <u>\$9.09</u> | <u>\$9.75</u> | <u>\$10.42</u> | <u>\$11.19</u> | | |
| Existing/Projected Residential Bill | \$121.68 | \$130.14 | \$139.23 | \$148.98 | \$159.40 | \$170.59 | | |
| Scenario 1 – 1-Year Delay | | | | | | | | |
| Percent Rate Increase | | 3.00% | 13.50% | 13.50% | 3.00% | 3.00% | | |
| Increase in Residential Water and Wastewater Bill (7,000 Gallons) | | <u>\$3.63</u> | <u>\$16.95</u> | <u>\$19.22</u> | <u>\$4.83</u> | <u>\$5.03</u> | | |
| Existing/Proposed Residential Bill | \$121.68 | \$125.31 | \$142.26 | \$161.48 | \$166.31 | \$171.34 | | |
| Scenario 2 – 2-Year Delay | | | | | | | | |
| Percent Rate Increase | | 3.00% | 3.00% | 30.00% | 1.25% | 1.25% | | |
| Increase in Residential Water and Wastewater Bill (7,000 Gallons) | | <u>\$3.63</u> | <u>\$3.75</u> | <u>\$38.74</u> | <u>\$2.12</u> | <u>\$2.13</u> | | |
| Existing/Projected Residential Bill | \$121.68 | \$125.31 | \$129.06 | \$167.80 | \$169.92 | \$172.05 | | |
| Scenario 3 – Start Early / Upfront Adjustments | | | | | | | | |
| Percent Rate Increase | | 9.50% | 9.50% | 9.50% | 3.25% | 3.25% | | |
| Increase in Residential Water and Wastewater Bill (7,000 Gallons) | | <u>\$11.59</u> | <u>\$12.67</u> | <u>\$13.87</u> | <u>\$5.20</u> | <u>5.35</u> | | |
| Existing/Projected Residential Bill | \$121.68 | \$133.27 | \$145.94 | \$159.81 | \$165.01 | \$170.36 | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

Scenario results based on achieving a similar break-even cash flow by FY27

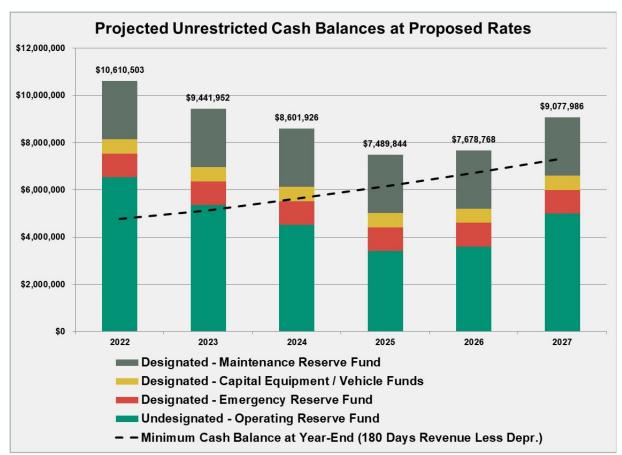
Comparison of Proposed Residential Rates Under Base Case



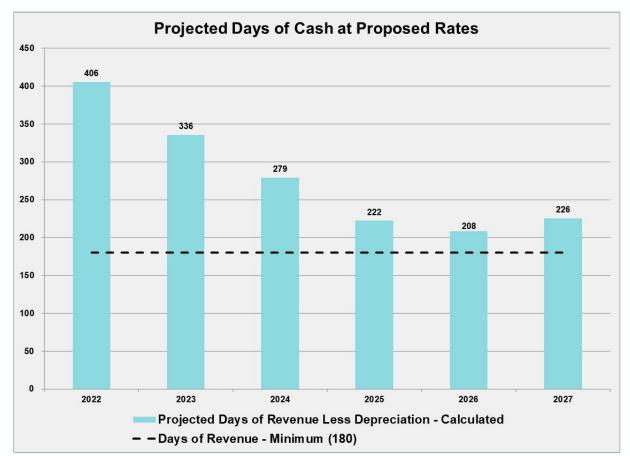
Projected Adequacy of Proposed Rates Under Base Case



Projected Reserve Balances Under Base Case



Projected Days of Cash Under Base Case



Conclusion and Recommendations

- The District's existing rates are not adequate to meet the projected revenue requirements and proposed debt service coverage commitments over the study period
 - Without adequate increases in revenue, the District may not meet the minimum coverage requirements beginning in FY24 or maintain its minimum reserve fund target
 - Principal cost drivers include:
 - Allowances and adjustments for future inflation
 - Need for new staffing positions
 - Proposed new debt to finance certain capital projects
 - Need to maintain working capital to meet the operating needs of the system and to provide a contingency to respond to natural disasters or other unforeseen events

Conclusion and Recommendations (cont.)

- The Board of Commissioners should consider adopting the proposed rates under the Base Case effective on or after October 1, 2022 (FY23) and for each year thereafter through FY25
 - Alternatives related to the miscellaneous utility fees and charges under Phase 2 need to be finalized, and will be presented to the Board at a subsequent meeting
- This study should be updated at least within three years or when actual results and/or planning assumptions may differ significantly from the projections





Thank you!

Contact: Murray Hamilton or Nick Smith

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